# python-rtmixer

Release 0.1.3

# **Matthias Geier**

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Warning: This is work in progress!

Goal: Reliable low-latency audio playback and recording with Python, using PortAudio via the sounddevice module.

The audio callback is implemented in C (and compiled with the help of CFFI) and doesn't invoke the Python interpreter, therefore avoiding waiting for things like garbage collection and the GIL.

All PortAudio platforms and host APIs are supported. Runs on any Python version where CFFI is available.

Online documentation https://python-rtmixer.readthedocs.io/

 $\textbf{Source code repository} \ \, \textbf{https://github.com/spatialaudio/python-rtmixer}$ 

#### Somewhat similar projects

- $\bullet \ https://github.com/nwhitehead/swmixer$
- https://github.com/nvahalik/PyAudioMixer
- http://www.pygame.org/docs/ref/mixer.html

# 1 Features

- playback of multiple signals at the same time (that's why it's called "mixer")
- play from buffer, play from ringbuffer
- record into buffer, record into ringbuffer
- multichannel support
- NumPy arrays with data type 'float32' can be easily used (via the buffer protocol) as long as they are C-contiguous
- fixed latency playback, (close to) no jitter (optional)
  - to be verified ...
- sample-accurate playback/recording (with known offset)
  - to be verified ...
- non-blocking callback function, using PortAudio ringbuffers
- all memory allocations/deallocations happen outside the audio callback

# 1.1 Planned Features

- meticulous reporting of overruns/underruns
- loopback tests to verify correct operation and accurate latency values
- fade in/out?
- loop?
- playlist/queue?

# 1.2 Out Of Scope

- reading from/writing to files (use e.g. the soundfile module)
- realtime signal processing (inside the audio callback)
- · signal generators
- multiple mixer instances (some PortAudio host APIs only support one stream at a time)
- resampling (apart from what PortAudio does)
- · fast forward/rewind
- panning/balance
- audio/video synchronization

### 2 Installation

On Windows, macOS and Linux you can install a precompiled "wheel" package with:

```
python3 -m pip install rtmixer
```

This will install rtmixer and its dependencies, including sounddevice.

Depending on your Python installation, you may have to use python instead of python3. If you have installed the module already, you can use the --upgrade flag to get the newest release.

**Note:** On Linux, to use sounddevice and rtmixer you will need to have PortAudio installed, e.g. via sudo apt install libportaudio2. On other platforms, PortAudio comes bundled with sounddevice.

# 3 Usage

See the list of examples on GitHub.

# 4 API Documentation

Mixer	PortAudio output stream for realtime mixing.
Recorder	PortAudio input stream for realtime recording.
MixerAndRecorder	PortAudio stream for realtime mixing and recording.
RingBuffer	PortAudio's single-reader single-writer lock-free ring
	buffer.

#### class rtmixer.Mixer(\*\*kwargs)

PortAudio output stream for realtime mixing.

Takes the same keyword arguments as sounddevice.OutputStream, except *callback* (a callback function implemented in C is used internally) and *dtype* (which is always 'float32').

Uses default values from sounddevice.default (except dtype, which is always 'float32').

Has the same methods and attributes as sounddevice.OutputStream (except write() and write\_available), plus the following:

#### property actions

The set of active "actions".

cancel(action, time=0, allow\_belated=True)

Initiate stopping a running action.

This creates another action that is sent to the callback in order to stop the given action.

This function typically returns before the *action* is actually stopped. Use *wait()* (on either one of the two actions) to wait until it's done.

#### fetch\_and\_reset\_stats(time=0, allow\_belated=True)

Fetch and reset over-/underflow statistics of the stream.

play\_buffer(buffer, channels, start=0, allow\_belated=True)

Send a buffer to the callback to be played back.

After that, the buffer must not be written to anymore.

play\_ringbuffer(ringbuffer, channels=None, start=0, allow\_belated=True)

Send a RingBuffer to the callback to be played back.

By default, the number of channels is obtained from the ring buffer's elementsize.

#### property stats

Get over-/underflow statistics from an inactive stream.

To get statistics from an active stream, use fetch\_and\_reset\_stats().

#### wait(action=None, sleeptime=10)

Wait for action to be finished.

Between repeatedly checking if the action is finished, this waits for *sleeptime* milliseconds.

If no *action* is given, this waits for all actions.

#### class rtmixer.Recorder(\*\*kwargs)

PortAudio input stream for realtime recording.

Takes the same keyword arguments as sounddevice. InputStream, except *callback* (a callback function implemented in C is used internally) and *dtype* (which is always 'float32').

Uses default values from sounddevice.default (except dtype, which is always 'float32').

Has the same methods and attributes as Mixer, except that play\_buffer() and play\_ringbuffer() are replaced by:

record\_buffer(buffer, channels, start=0, allow\_belated=True)

Send a buffer to the callback to be recorded into.

**record\_ringbuffer**(ringbuffer, channels=None, start=0, allow belated=True)

Send a *RingBuffer* to the callback to be recorded into.

By default, the number of channels is obtained from the ring buffer's *elementsize*.

#### class rtmixer.MixerAndRecorder(\*\*kwargs)

PortAudio stream for realtime mixing and recording.

Takes the same keyword arguments as sounddevice. Stream, except *callback* (a callback function implemented in C is used internally) and *dtype* (which is always 'float32').

Uses default values from sounddevice.default (except dtype, which is always 'float32').

Inherits all methods and attributes from Mixer and Recorder.

#### class rtmixer.RingBuffer(elementsize, size=None, buffer=None)

PortAudio's single-reader single-writer lock-free ring buffer.

C API documentation: http://portaudio.com/docs/v19-doxydocs-dev/pa\_\_ringbuffer\_8h.html

Python wrapper: https://github.com/spatialaudio/python-pa-ringbuffer

Instances of this class can be used to transport data between Python code and some compiled code running on a different thread.

This only works when there is a single reader and a single writer (i.e. one thread or callback writes to the ring buffer, another thread or callback reads from it).

This ring buffer is *not* appropriate for passing data from one Python thread to another Python thread. For this, the queue .Queue class from the standard library can be used.

#### **Parameters**

- **elementsize** (*int*) The size of a single data element in bytes.
- **size** (*int*) The number of elements in the buffer (must be a power of 2). Can be omitted if a pre-allocated buffer is passed.
- **buffer** (*buffer*) optional pre-allocated buffer to use with RingBuffer. Note that if you pass a read-only buffer object, you still get a writable RingBuffer; it is your responsibility not to write there if the original buffer doesn't expect you to.

#### advance\_read\_index(size)

Advance the read index to the next location to be read.

**Parameters** size (int) – The number of elements to advance.

**Returns** The new position.

**Note:** This is only needed when using  $get\_read\_buffers()$ , the methods read() and readinto() take care of this by themselves!

#### advance\_write\_index(size)

Advance the write index to the next location to be written.

**Parameters** size (int) – The number of elements to advance.

**Returns** The new position.

**Note:** This is only needed when using  $get\_write\_buffers()$ , the method write() takes care of this by itself!

#### property elementsize

Element size in bytes.

#### flush()

Reset buffer to empty.

Should only be called when buffer is **not** being read or written.

#### get\_read\_buffers(size)

Get buffer(s) from which we can read data.

When done reading, use advance\_read\_index() to make the memory available for writing again.

**Parameters** size (int) – The number of elements desired.

#### **Returns**

- The number of elements available for reading (which might be less than the requested *size*).
- The first buffer.
- · The second buffer.

Return type tuple (int, buffer, buffer)

#### get\_write\_buffers(size)

Get buffer(s) to which we can write data.

When done writing, use advance\_write\_index() to make the written data available for reading.

**Parameters** size (int) – The number of elements desired.

#### Returns

- The room available to be written or the given *size*, whichever is smaller.
- · The first buffer.
- · The second buffer.

**Return type** tuple (int, buffer, buffer)

#### read(size=-1)

Read data from the ring buffer into a new buffer.

This advances the read index after reading; calling advance\_read\_index() is not necessary.

**Parameters size** (*int*, *optional*) – The number of elements to be read. If not specified, all available elements are read.

**Returns** A new buffer containing the read data. Its size may be less than the requested size.

#### property read\_available

Number of elements available in the ring buffer for reading.

#### readinto(data)

Read data from the ring buffer into a user-provided buffer.

This advances the read index after reading; calling <code>advance\_read\_index()</code> is not necessary.

Parameters data (CData pointer or buffer) — The memory where the data should be stored

**Returns** The number of elements read, which may be less than the size of *data*.

```
write(data, size=- 1)
```

Write data to the ring buffer.

This advances the write index after writing; calling advance\_write\_index() is not necessary.

#### **Parameters**

- data (CData pointer or buffer or bytes) Data to write to the buffer.
- **size** (*int*, *optional*) The number of elements to be written.

**Returns** The number of elements written.

#### property write\_available

Number of elements available in the ring buffer for writing.

# 5 Contributing

If you find bugs, errors, omissions or other things that need improvement, please create an issue or a pull request at https://github.com/spatialaudio/python-rtmixer/. Contributions are always welcome!

# 5.1 Development Installation

Instead of pip-installing the latest release from PyPI, you should get the newest development version (a.k.a. "master") with Git:

```
git clone https://github.com/spatialaudio/python-rtmixer.git --recursive cd python-rtmixer python3 -m pip install -e .
```

```
... where -e stands for --editable.
```

When installing this way, you can quickly try other Git branches (in this example the branch is called "another-branch"):

```
git checkout another-branch
```

If you want to go back to the "master" branch, use:

```
git checkout master
```

To get the latest changes from Github, use:

```
git pull --ff-only
```

If you used the --recursive option when cloning, the portaudio submodule (which is needed for compiling the module) will be checked out automatically. If not, you can get the submodule with:

git submodule update --init

# 5.2 Building the Documentation

If you make changes to the documentation, you should create the HTML pages locally using Sphinx and check if they look OK.

Initially, you might need to install a few packages that are needed to build the documentation:

```
python3 -m pip install -r doc/requirements.txt
```

To (re-)build the HTML files, use:

```
python3 setup.py build_sphinx
```

The generated files will be available in the directory build/sphinx/html/.

# 5.3 Creating a New Release

New releases are made using the following steps:

- 1. Bump version number in src/rtmixer.py
- 2. Update NEWS.rst
- 3. Commit those changes as "Release x.y.z"
- 4. Create an (annotated) tag with git tag -a x.y.z
- 5. Push the commit and the tag to Github
- 6. Wait 10 minutes for the PyPI packages to be automagically uploaded
- 7. On Github, add release notes containing a link to PyPI and the bullet points from NEWS.rst
- 8. Check that the new release was built correctly on RTD and select the new release as default version

# **6 Version History**

Version 0.1.3 - 2021-05-05 - PyPI - diff

Add Python 3.9 support by adding entries to azure-pipelines.yml for cibuildwheel

Version 0.1.2 - 2020-08-20 - PyPI - diff

• Clean up cibuildwheel

Version 0.1.1 - 2020-06-19 - PyPI - diff

• Add Python 3.8 support by adding entries to azure-pipelines.yml for cibuildwheel

**Version 0.1.0 – 2019-09-05 – PyPI** Initial release

# **Python Module Index**

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